

Amendments to the Claims

What is claimed is:

1. (Cancelled)

2. (Previously Presented) The lens device of claim 12, wherein the first partition is a flexible membrane formed from at least one of a thin plastic polymer and a flexible, optically transparent material.

3-6. (Cancelled)

7. (Previously Presented) A lens device comprising:

a first partition that is flexible and optically transparent;

a second partition that is coupled to the first partition, wherein at least a portion of the second partition is optically transparent, and wherein a first cavity is formed in between the first partition and the second partition;

a first fluidic medium positioned within the cavity, the fluidic medium also being optically transparent; and

a first component capable of controlling a parameter of the fluidic medium,

wherein when the parameter of the fluidic medium changes, the first partition flexes and an optical property of the lens is varied,

wherein the first partition is a flexible membrane formed from at least one of a thin plastic polymer and a flexible, optically transparent material,

wherein the first partition is formed from polydimethylsiloxane,

wherein the second partition is a rigid partition formed from at least one of a plastic and a material that is at least partly optically transparent,

wherein the second partition includes at least one channel allowing for the first fluidic medium to at least one of enter and exit the cavity,

wherein the second partition includes a first portion that extends substantially parallel to the first partition when the first partition is in an unflexed position and also includes a second portion that extends substantially perpendicularly to the first portion, and

wherein the cavity is substantially cylindrical, the second portion forms a substantially cylindrical wall around the cavity, and the first partition and the first portion of the second partition respectively form first and second cylinder end walls of the cavity.

8-11. (Cancelled)

12. (Previously Presented) A lens device comprising:

a first partition that is flexible and optically transparent;

a second partition that is coupled to the first partition, wherein at least a portion of the second partition is optically transparent, and wherein a first cavity is formed in between the first partition and the second partition;

a third partition that is coupled to at least one of the first partition, the second partition, and an intermediate structure that is coupled to at least one of the first partition and the second partition, wherein a second cavity is formed in between the third partition and the first partition, and wherein the first partition extends substantially in between the second and third partitions;

first and second fluidic media positioned within the first cavity and the second cavity, respectively, the first fluidic medium also being optically transparent, wherein a first side of the first partition is adjacent to the first fluidic medium and a second side of the first partition is adjacent to a second fluidic medium;

a first component capable of controlling a parameter of the first fluidic medium, wherein when the parameter of the first fluidic medium changes, the first partition flexes and an optical property of the lens is varied; and

a second component capable of controlling a second parameter of the second fluidic medium, wherein each of the first and second components includes at least one actuator selected from the group consisting of a peristaltic pump, a small frame-mounted pump, a piezoelectric actuator, a microelectromechanical system (MEMS) actuator, an electromagnetic actuator, a tunable integrated micropump, and a Teflon-coated set screw.

13. (Previously Presented) The lens device of claim 12, wherein the third partition is rigid, and the second and third partitions substantially surround the first partition so that the first partition is shielded from an outside environment.

14. (Previously Presented) A lens device comprising:

- a first partition that is flexible and optically transparent;
- a second partition that is coupled to the first partition, wherein at least a portion of the second partition is optically transparent, and wherein a first cavity is formed in between the first partition and the second partition;
- a third partition that is coupled to at least one of the first partition, the second partition, and an intermediate structure that is coupled to at least one of the first partition and the second partition, wherein a second cavity is formed in between the third partition and the first partition, and wherein the first partition extends substantially in between the second and third partitions;
- first and second fluidic media positioned within the first cavity and the second cavity, respectively, the first fluidic medium also being optically transparent, wherein a first side of the first partition is adjacent to the first fluidic medium and a second side of the first partition is adjacent to a second fluidic medium;
- a fourth partition that is coupled to the third partition, wherein a third cavity is formed in between the third partition and the fourth partition, wherein the third partition extends substantially in between the first and fourth partitions, and wherein at least one of the first fluidic medium, the second fluidic medium and a third fluidic medium is positioned within the third cavity; and
- a first component capable of controlling a parameter of the first fluidic medium; wherein when the parameter of the first fluidic medium changes, the first partition flexes and an optical property of the lens is varied.

15. (Original) The lens device of claim 14, wherein the third partition is coupled to the first partition by way of the intermediate structure that is an intermediate wall, and wherein the third partition is a flexible membrane.

16. (Original) The lens device of claim 15, wherein flexing of the first and third partitions depends upon relative pressures of the fluidic media within the first, second and third cavities.

17. (Original) The lens device of claim 15, wherein the lens device is capable of being operated as at least one of a convex lens, a concave lens, a plano-convex lens, a plano-concave lens, a convex-concave lens, a biconvex lens, and a biconcave lens.

18. (Original) The lens device of claim 17, wherein the lens device is capable of being operated as at least two of the convex lens, a concave lens, a plano-convex lens, a plano-concave lens, a convex-concave lens, a biconvex lens, and a biconcave lens.

19. (Currently Amended) The lens device of claim [[3]] 7, wherein the lens device is capable of being controlled by the component to achieve a range of focal distances.

20. (Currently Amended) A set of eyeglasses including the lens device of claim [[3]] 7.

21. (Currently Amended) A system including the lens device of claim [[3]] 7, wherein the system is at least one of a camera, a microscope, a video monitor, a video recorder, an optical recording mechanism, a surveillance mechanism, an inspection mechanism, an agile imaging mechanism, a target tracking mechanism, a copy machine, a scanner, a zoom lens system, a cellular phone, a personal digital assistant, a computer, a magnifying glass, and a vision correction device.

22. (Cancelled)

23. (Previously Presented) The multi-lens apparatus of claim 25, wherein each of the first and second fluidic adaptive lenses includes at least one flexible membrane and at least one rigid surface that together define at least one cavity within which is at least one fluidic medium.

24. (Original) The multi-lens apparatus of claim 23, wherein each of the first and second fluidic adaptive lenses includes either one or two flexible membranes.

25. (Previously Presented) A multi-lens apparatus comprising:  
a first fluidic adaptive lens;

a second fluidic adaptive lens; and  
an intermediate structure coupling the first and second fluidic adaptive lenses,  
wherein the intermediate structure is at least partly optically transparent, and  
wherein at least one parameter of each of the at least one fluidic medium is controllable  
by at least one of means for providing fluid flow and means for varying fluid pressure.

26. (Previously Presented) The multi-lens apparatus of claim 25, wherein by controlling the  
at least one parameter, a flexure of at least one membrane occurs that affects at least one of a lens  
focal distance and a lens type.

27. (Previously Presented) A zoom lens system including the multi-lens apparatus of  
claim 25.

28. (Original) A system including the zoom lens system of claim 27, wherein the system is  
at least one of a camera, a microscope, a video monitor, a video recorder, an optical recording  
mechanism, a surveillance mechanism, an inspection mechanism, an agile imaging mechanism, a  
target tracking mechanism, a copy machine, a scanner, a zoom lens system, a cellular phone, a  
personal digital assistant, a computer, a magnifying glass, and a vision correction device.

29. (Cancelled)

30. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 35, further comprising:  
creating at least one channel within at least one of the first structure and the first flexible layer  
that allows for communication of the first fluid with respect to the first cavity.

31. (Original) The method of claim 30, further comprising:  
coupling at least one fluid reservoir and at least one actuator to the at least one channel to allow  
for communication of the first fluid with respect to the first cavity; and  
communicating the first fluid into the first cavity.

32. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 35, wherein at least one of the first structure and the first flexible layer includes at least one channel, so that the attaching of the first flexible layer and the first structure to one another encloses the first cavity except for the at least one channel.

33. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 35, further comprising:  
affixing the first structure to a first side of an intermediate substrate; and  
affixing a second lens device, to a second side of the intermediate substrate,  
wherein the first and second lens devices and the intermediate substrate can be operated together as a zoom lens system.

34. (Cancelled)

35. (Previously Presented) A method of fabricating a fluidic adaptive lens device, the method comprising:

providing a first structure having a first cavity, wherein the first cavity is only partially enclosed by the first structure;

attaching a first flexible layer and the first structure to one another in a manner that substantially encloses the first cavity, wherein the first cavity is capable of being filled with a first fluid so that the first structure, first flexible layer, and first fluid interact to form the fluidic adaptive lens device;

providing a second structure having a second cavity, wherein the second cavity is only partially enclosed by the second structure; and

attaching the first flexible layer and the second structure to one another in a manner that substantially encloses the second cavity; wherein the second structure includes the second cavity and a third cavity.

36-37. (Cancelled)